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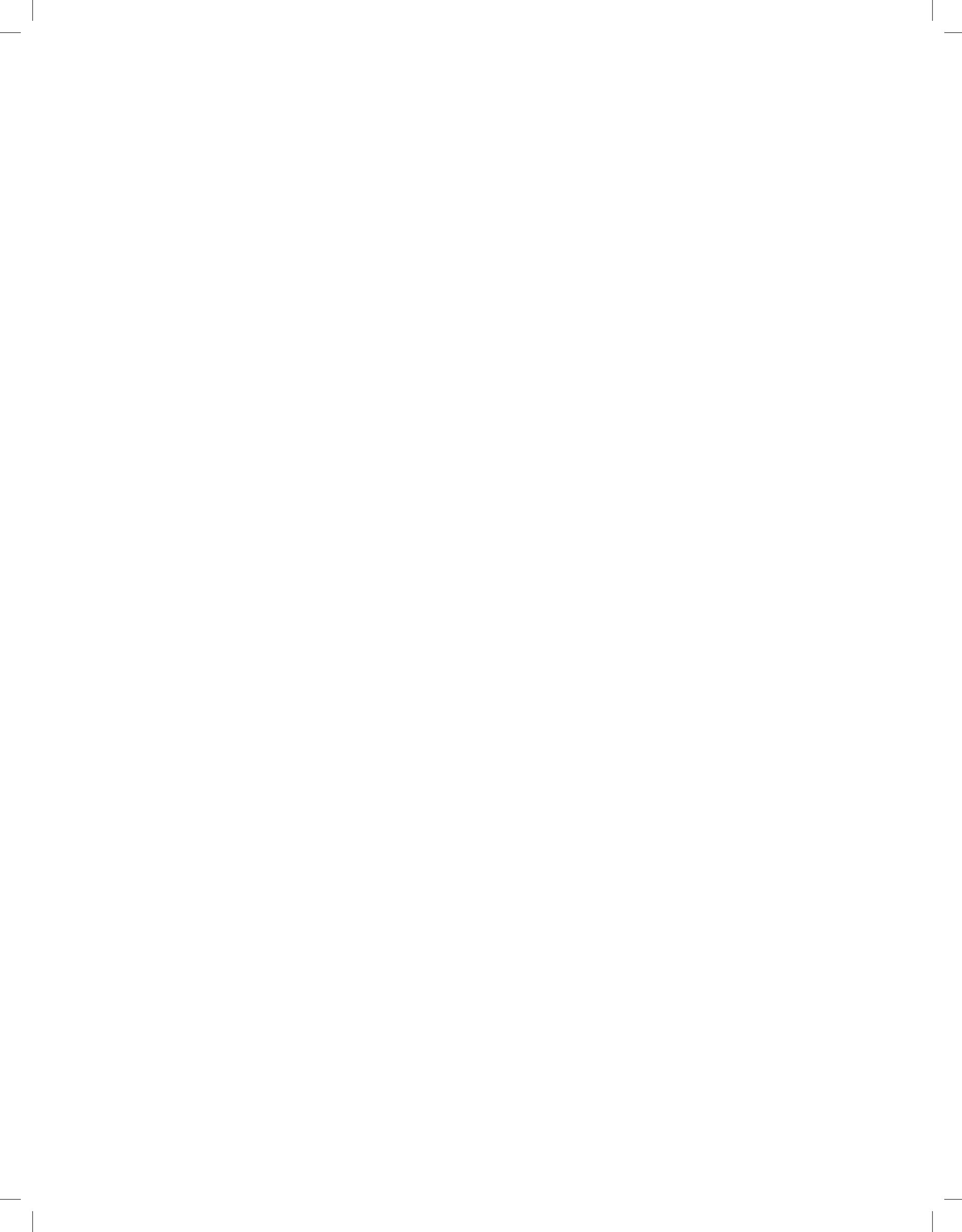
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Index of Competencies/Code of Competencies

- MI (Microbiology).
- Other subjects (for integrated topics): BI (Biochemistry), PA (Pathology), PH (Pharmacology), CM (Community Medicine), DR (Dermatology and Venerology), DE (Dentistry), IM (General Medicine), PE (Pediatrics), SU (General Surgery), OR (Orthopedics) and CT (Respiratory Medicine).
- Competency numbers written in bold indicate the topics of practical Microbiology/skill assessment/DOAP (Demonstrate, Observe Assess and Perform).



Abbreviations

+ve: Positive	BCGF: B-cell growth factor
2ME: 2-mercaptoethanol	BCR(s): B-cell receptor(s)
5-HT: 5-hydroxy tryptamine	BCYE agar: Buffered charcoal yeast extract agar
AAV: Adeno-associated virus	BDBV: Bundibugyo virus
Ab(s): Antibody(ies)	BEBOV: Bundibugyo ebola virus
ACE 2: Angiotensin-converting enzyme 2	BFP: Biological false-positive
Ach: Acetylcholine	BHIA: Brain heart infusion agar
ADCC: Antibody-dependent cytotoxic cells	BHIB: Brain heart infusion broth
ADS: Antidiphtheria serum	BL: Borderline lepromatous
AETCOM: Attitude, ethics and communication	BMW: Biomedical waste
AFB: Acid-fast bacilli	BOD incubator: Biological (biochemical) oxygen demand incubator
AFLP: Amplified fragment length polymorphism	BP: Blood pressure
Ag(s): Antigen (s)	BPL: Beta propiolactone
Ag-Ab reaction: Antigen-antibody reactions	BSE: Bovine spongiform encephalopathy
AGN: Acute glomerulonephritis	BSL: Biosafety level
AGS: Antigas gangrene serum	BT: Blood transfusion
AIDS: Acquired immunodeficiency disease	BT: Borderline tuberculoid
ALG: Antilymphocyte globulin	BUN: Blood urea nitrogen
ALS: Antilymphocytes serum	C/Cs: Cultural characteristics
ALT: Alanine aminotransferase	C/F(s): Clinical feature(s)
AMA(s): Antimicrobial agent(s)	C: Complement
AMB: Amphotericin B	CA MRSA: Community-acquired MRSA
AMC: Acetyl methyl carbinol	CABSI: Catheter-associated bloodstream infection
AMI: Antibody-mediated immunity	C-activation: Complement activation
APCs: Antigen-presenting cells	CAM: Chorioallantoic membrane
APSGN: Acute post-streptococcal glomerulonephritis	CAMP test: Christie-Atkins-Munch-Peterson test
APT: Alum precipitated toxoid	CAUTI: Catheter-associated urinary tract infection
APW: Alkaline peptone water	CBC: Complete blood count
ARC: AIDS-related complex	CBNAAT: Cartridge-based nucleic acid amplification test
ARDS: Acute respiratory distress syndrome	CCHF: Crimean Congo hemorrhagic fever
ARF: Acute rheumatic fever	CD: Cluster of differentiation
ART: Antiretroviral therapy	CDC: Centres for Disease Control and Prevention
ASO test: Antistreptolysin O test	CFP-10: Culture filtrate protein -10
ASOM: Acute suppurative otitis media	CFT: Complement fixation test
ASP: Antimicrobial Stewardship Program	CFW stain: Calco-fluor-white stain
AST: Antimicrobial sensitivity testing	CGD: Chronic Granulomatous disease
ASV: Antisnake venom	Ch.: Chapter
ATCC: American type culture collection	CHD: Congenital heart disease
ATG: Anti-thymocyte globulin	CIE: Counter immunoelectrophoresis
ATS: Anti-tetanus serum	CIEBOV: Côte d' Ivoire ebolavirus
ATS: Anti-thymocyte serum	CJD: Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease
B/R(s): Biochemical reaction (s)	CL crystals: Chacot-Leyden crystals
b/w (B/W): Between	CLED medium: Cysteine lactose electrolyte deficient medium
BAL: Bronchoalveolar lavage	CMI: Cell-mediated immunity
BB: Borderline	
BCDF: B-cell differentiation factor	
BCG: Bacillus Calmette Guerin	

xxvi	CMN group: Corynebacteria-mycobacteria-nocardiae group	G-CSF: Granulocyte-colony stimulating factor
	CMV: Cytomegalovirus	GGMS stain: Grocott Gomori's methenamine silver stain
	CNS: Central nervous system	GI: Genital infection
	CoNS: Coagulase-negative <i>Staphylococcus</i>	GISAID: Global initiative on sharing avian influenza data
	CoPS: Coagulase-positive <i>Staphylococcus</i>	GIT: Gastrointestinal tract
	COVID-19: Coronavirus disease -19	GLC: Gas-liquid chromatography
	CPE(s): Cytopathic effect(s)	GM-CSF: Granulocyte macrophage-colony stimulating factor
	CPIS: Clinical pulmonary infection score	GNB: Gram-negative bacilli
	CR(s): Complement receptor(s)	GNC: Gram-negative cocci
	CRF: Coagulase reacting factor	GPB: Gram-positive bacilli
	CRP: C-reactive protein	GPC: Gram-positive cocci
	CSOM: Chronic suppurative otitis media	GU: Gonococcal urethritis
	CVS: Cardiovascular system	H & E stain: Hematoxylin and eosin stain
	D/D: Differential diagnosis	H/o: History of
	DCA: Deoxycholate citrate agar	HA MRSA: Hospital-acquired MRSA
	DEC: Diethyl carbamazine	HAI test: Hemagglutination inhibition test
	DGIM: Dark-ground (field) illumination microscope	HAI(s): Healthcare-associated infection(s)
	DHF: Dengue hemorrhagic fever	HAV: Hepatitis A virus
	DIC: Disseminated intravascular coagulation	Hb: Hemoglobin
	DM: Diabetes mellitus	HBLV: Human B-cell lymphotropic virus
	DOAP: Demonstrate, observe, access and perform	HBV: Hepatitis B virus
	DP vaccine: Diphtheria and pertussis vaccine	HBV Ig: Hepatitis B virus immunoglobulin
	DPT vaccine: Diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus vaccine	HCC: Hepatocellular carcinoma
	ds: double stranded	HCF(s): Healthcare facility/facilities
	DSS: Dengue shock syndrome	hCG: Human chorionic gonadotropin
	DT vaccine: Diphtheria and tetanus vaccine	HCoV-EMC: Human coronavirus-Erasmus Medical Centre
	DTH: Delayed-type hypersensitivity	HCV: Hepatitis C virus
	E test: Epsilometer test	HCW(s): Healthcare worker(s)
	e.g.: exempli gratia (for example)	HDN: Hemolytic disease of newborn
	EB: Elementary body	HDP: Hanging drop preparation
	EBV: Epstein-Barr virus	HDV: Hepatitis D virus
	EC: Exposure code	HEV: Hepatitis E virus
	EIA: Enzyme immunoassay	HFMD: Hand-foot-mouth disease
	ELFA: Enzyme-linked fluorescent assay	HFV: Hepatitis F virus
	ELISA: Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay	HGE: Human granulocytic ehrlichiosis
	E-M pathway: Embden-Meyerhof pathway	HGV: Hepatitis G virus
	EM: Electron microscope	HHV (1–8): Human herpes virus (1–8)
	ESAT-6: Early secretory antigen target-6	HI: Humoral immunity
	ESBL: Extended spectrum β-lactamase	Hib: <i>Haemophilus influenza</i> type b
	ET tube: Endotracheal tube	HIV: Human immunodeficiency virus
	EV: <i>Enterovirus</i>	HLA: Human leukocyte antigen
	FDA: Food and Drug Administration	HME: Human monocytic ehrlichiosis
	f-IPV: Fractional injectable polio vaccine	HMW: High molecular weight
	FITC: Fluorescein isothiocyanate	HPLC: High performance liquid chromatography
	FM: Fluorescent microscope	HPV: Human papilloma virus
	FNAC: Fine needle aspiration cytology	hr: Hour
	FT: Formal toxoid/fluid toxoid	HRCT: High-resolution CT
	FTA-ABS test: Fluorescent <i>Treponema</i> antibody-ABsorption test	HSV-1/2: Herpes simplex virus-1/2
	FTLV: Feline T-cell lymphotropic virus	HTLV: Human T-cell lymphotropic virus
	G S L M: Glucose sucrose lactose mannitol	HUS: Hemolytic uremic syndrome
	GBS: Guillain-Barre syndrome	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
	GC: Genital chlamydiasis	

IC: Inclusion conjunctivitis	MAT: Microscopic agglutination test
IC: Intracutaneous	MCH: Mean corpuscular hemoglobin
ICC(s): Immunocompetent cell(s)	MCHC: Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration
ICMR: Indian Council of Medical Research	MCV: Mean corpuscular volume
ICRC: Indian Cancer Research Center	MCV: Molluscum contagiosum virus
ICSOL(s): Intracranial space-occupying lesion(s)	MDR: Multidrug resistance
ICT: Immunochromatographic test	MDR-TB: Multidrug-resistance tuberculosis
ICTC: Integrated Counseling and Testing Centre	MERS-CoV: Middle-East respiratory syndrome-related coronavirus
ID: Intradermal	MFS stain: Masson Fontana silver stain
IDD(s): Immunodeficiency disease(s)	MHA: Muller Hinton agar
IET: Immuno enzyme test	MHC: Major histocompatibility complex
IF test/assay: Immunofluorescent test/assay	MIC: Minimum inhibitory concentration
IFN: Interferon	MID: Minimum infecting dose
IFT: Immunoferritin test	MIO test: Motile indole ornithine test
Ig (s): Immunoglobulin (s)	MIS-C: Multiorgan inflammatory syndrome in children
IGRA: Interferon gamma release assay	MLD: Minimum lethal dose
IHA test: Indirect hemagglutination test	MMR vaccine: Measles-mumps-rubella vaccine
IM: Intramuscular	MMRV vaccine: Measles-mumps-rubella varicella vaccine
IMG: Indian medical graduate	MOHFW: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
IMN: Infectious mononucleosis	MOI: Multiplicity of infection
IN test: Indole nitrate/Indoso nitrate) test	MOMP: Major outer membrane protein
IP: Incubation period	MR vaccine: Measles-rubella vaccine
IPV: Injectable polio vaccine	MRSA: Methicillin-resistance <i>Staph. aureus</i>
Ir: Immune response	MSP: Mycobacteria as skin pathogen
ITH: Immediate type hypersensitivity	MSSA: Methicillin-susceptible <i>Staph. aureus</i>
IV: Intravenous	MTC: <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> complex
JC virus: John Cunningham virus	MW: Molecular weight
JE: Japanese Encephalitis	NA: Nucleic acid
KB method: Kopeloff's and Beerman's method	NACO: National Aids Control Organisation (New Delhi)
KFD: Kyasnur forest disease	NANB hepatitis: Non-A non-B hepatitis
KLB: Klebs-Loeffler bacillus	NASBA: Nucleic acid sequence base amplification
KSHV: Kaposi's sarcoma-associated herpes virus	NB: Nutrient broth
LAK cells: Lymphokine activated killer cells	NCTC: National collection of type culture
LAMP: Loop-mediated isothermal amplification	NGO(s): Non-government organization(s)
LATS: Long-acting thyroid stimulator	NGU: Non-gonococcal urethritis
LBW: Low-birth weight	NIH: National Institute of Health
LCB stain: Lactophenol cotton blue stain	NIV: National Institute of Virology (Pune)
LCM virus: Lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus	NK cells: Natural killer cells
LD: Lethal dose	NLF(s): Non-lactose fermenter(s)
LF(s): Lactose fermenter(s)	NS: Normal saline
LGL: Large granular lymphocyte	NSF(s): Non-sucrose fermenter(s)
LGV: Lymphogranuloma venereum	NTM: Nontuberculous mycobacteria
LJ medium: Lowenstein Jensen medium	OF test: Oxidation–fermentation test
LL: Lepromatous leprosy	OMP: Outer membrane protein
LLF(s): Late lactose fermenter(s)	ONPG test: O-Nitro phenyl-β-D-galactosidase test
LMW: Low-molecular weight	OPV: Oral polio vaccine
LPA: Line probe assay	PAGE: Polyacramide gel electrophoresis
LPS(s): Lipopolysaccharide(s)	PAIR: Puncture, aspiration, injection and reaspiration
LTRs: Long-terminal repeat sequences	PAMPs: Pathogen-associated molecular patterns
MAC: <i>Mycobacterium avium</i> -complex	PAMs: Pulmonary alveolar macrophages
MAC-ELISA: IgM antibody capture enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay	PANGOLIN: Phylogenetic Assignment of Named Global Outbreak LINeage
MALDI-TOF: Matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization time of flight	

xxviii	PAS stain: Periodic-acid Schiff stain PBS: Peripheral blood smear PCA: Passive cutaneous anaphylaxis PCM: Phase-contrast microscope PCP: <i>Pneumocystis pneumonia</i> PCR: Polymerase chain reaction PCV: Packed cell volume PDAB: Para-dimethyl aminobezadehyde PEM: Protein-energy malnutrition PEP: Post-exposure prophylaxis PFGE: Pulse field gel electrophoresis PHC: Primary Health Center PHOL stain: Pal, Hasegawa, Ono and Lee stain PIA: <i>Pseudomonas</i> -isolation agar PIMS: Pediatric inflammatory multisystem syndrome PIMs: Potentially infectious materials PJP: <i>Pneumocystis jirovecii</i> pneumonia PK reaction: Praunitz-Kustner reaction PML: Progressive multifocal leuko-encephalopathy PMNs: Polymorphonuclear cells Pn G: Penicillin G PPA test: Phenyl pyruvic acid test PPD: Purified protein derivative PPE (s): Personal protective equipment (s) PPI: Pulse polio immunization PPLO: Pleuropneumonia like organism ppm: parts per million PPNG: Penicillinase-producing <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i> PPTCT: Prevention of parent-to-child transmission PRAS: Prerduced anaerobic system PRNT: Plaque reduction neutralization test PRP: Polyribosyl ribitol phosphate PRRs: Pattern recognition receptors PT medium: Potassium tellurite medium PVC: Polyvinylchloride PW: Peptone water PYG agar: Peptone yeast extract glucose agar PYR: L- pyrrolidonyl β-naphthylamide RA: Rheumatoid arthritis RB: Reticulate body RBF: Rat bite fever RCMM: Robertson's cooked meat medium RE system: Reticuloendothelial system REA: Restriction endonuclease analysis RF: Rheumatoid factor RFLP: Restriction fragment length polymorphism RIA: Radioimmunoassay RNP: Ribonucleoprotein RNTCP: Revised National Tuberculosis Control Program RPR test: Rapid plasma reagin test RSV: Respiratory syncytial virus RT- PCR: Reverse transcriptase PCR RTF: Resistance transfer factor	S/C: Subculture SABE: Subacute bacterial endocarditis SALT: Skin-associated lymphoid tissue SARS-CoV (1 and 2): Severe acute respiratory syndrome related coronavirus (1 and 2) SAT: Standard agglutination test SC: Status code SC: Subcutaneous SCC: Squamous cell carcinoma SDA: Sabouraud dextrose agar SDA: Strand displacement amplification SDL: Self directed learning SDS-PAGE: Sodium dodycile sulfate-polyacramide gel electrophoresis SGD: Small group discussion SIM test: Sulfide indole motility test SIV: Simian immunodeficiency virus SLE: Systemic lupus erythematosus SLT: Shiga-like toxin Sp./spp.: Species SPA: Surface protein antigen SPE: Streptococcal pyrogenic exotoxin SPS: Sodium polyanethol sulfonate ss: Single stranded SSI: Surgical site infection SSPE: Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis SSS: Specific soluble substance SSSS: Staphylococcal-scalded skin syndrome STSS: Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome SUDV or SEBOV: Sudan ebola virus SWG: Standard wire gauge TAFV: Tai forest ebola virus TATA: Tumor-associated transplant antigen Tc cells: T cytotoxic cells (cytotoxic T cells) TCBS agar: Thiosulfate citrate bile salt sucrose agar TCGF: T cell growth factor TCID: Tissue culture infective dose TCR(s): T-cell receptor(s) Td : Diphtheria toxoid TF: Transfer factor Th cells: T helper cells (CD4+) TIG: Tetanus immunoglobulin TIP: Translation inhibiting protein TLRs: Toll-like receptors TMA: Transcription-mediated amplification TNF: Tumor necrosis factor TPHA test: <i>Treponema pallidum</i> Hemagglutination test TPI test: <i>Treponema pallidum</i> immobilization test TPPA test: <i>Treponema pallidum</i> particle agglutination test TRIC: Trachoma inclusion conjunctivitis TSI medium: Triple sugar iron medium TSS: Toxic shock syndrome TSST: Toxic shock syndrome toxin TSTA: Tumor-specific transplant antigen
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TT: Tetanus toxoid	VPF: Vascular permeability factor
TT: Tuberculoid type	VRE: Vancomycin-resistant <i>Enterococcus</i>
UGC: Urogenital chlamydiasis	VRSA: Vancomycin resistant <i>Staph. aureus</i>
URTI: Upper respiratory tract infection	VTM: Viral transport medium / media
US FDA: United State Food and Drug Administration	VZV: Varicella zoster virus
UV light (rays): Ultraviolet light (rays)	WB test: Western blot test
VAP: Ventilator-associated pneumonia	WPV: Wild polio virus
VDPV: Vaccine derived polio virus	XDR: Extended drug resistance
VDRL test: Venereal Disease Research Laboratory test	XDR-TB: Extended drug resistance tuberculosis
-ve: Negative	XLD medium: Xylose lysine deoxycholate medium
VHF: Viral hemorrhagic fever	ZEBOV: Zaire ebola virus
VISA: Vancomycin intermediate <i>Staph. aureus</i>	ZN stain: Ziehl-Neelsen stain

